

Processing/Physical Characteristics	Value	Unit	Test Standard
ISO Data			
^[C] Melt volume-flow rate, MVR	23	cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	190	°C	-
Load	2.16	kg	-
^[C] Molding shrinkage, parallel	1.7	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
^[C] Molding shrinkage, normal	1.6	%	ISO 294-4, 2577

[C]: CAMPUS

Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
ISO Data			
^[C] Tensile Modulus	2700	MPa	ISO 527
^[C] Yield stress	64	MPa	ISO 527
^[C] Yield strain	8	%	ISO 527
^[C] Charpy notched impact strength, +23°C	4.7	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA

[C]: CAMPUS

Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
ISO Data			
^[C] Melting temperature, 10°C/min	167	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
^[C] Temp. of deflection under load, 1.80 MPa	90	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
^[C] Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel	110	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
^[C] Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal	120	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2

[C]: CAMPUS

Other properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
^[C] Water absorption	0.75	%	Sim. to ISO 62
^[C] Humidity absorption	0.2	%	Sim. to ISO 62
^[C] Density	1410	kg/m ³	ISO 1183

[C]: CAMPUS

Processing Recommendation Injection Molding	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Pre-drying - Temperature	80	°C	-
Pre-drying - Time	3	h	-
Processing humidity	≤0.35	%	-
Melt temperature	182 - 199	°C	-
Mold temperature	82 - 93	°C	-

Characteristics

Processing

Injection Molding

Features

Copolymer

Delivery form

Pellets

Regional Availability

North America, Asia Pacific, South and Central America

Special Characteristics

U.V. stabilized or stable to weather

Other text information

Injection molding

Drying is generally not required because Celcon® and Hostaform® acetal copolymers are not hydroscopic nor are they degraded by moisture during processing. Excessive moisture can lead to splay (silver streaking) in molded parts. For better uniformity in molding especially when using regrind or material that has been stored in containers open to the atmosphere, recommended drying conditions are 80 C (180 F) for 3hours. Desiccant hopper dryers are not required. Maximum water content = 0.35%

Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (minimum 3:1 and preferably 4:1) and low

back pressure (0.35 Mpa/50 PSI) are favored. Using a low compression screw (I.E. general purpose 2:1 compression ratio) can result in unmelted particles and poor melt homogeneity. Using a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the material.

Melt Temperature: Preferred range 182-199 C (360-390 F). Melt temperature should never exceed 230 C (450 F).

Mold Surface Temperature: Preferred range 82-93 C (180-200 F) especially with wall thickness less than 1.5 mm (0.060 in.). May require mold temperature as high as 120 C (250 F) to reproduce mold surface or to assure minimal molded in stress. Wall thickness greater than 3mm (1/8 in.) may use a cooler (65 C/150 F) mold surface temperature and wall thickness over 6mm (1/4 in.) may use a cold mold surface down to 25 C (80 F). In general, mold surface temperatures lower than 82 C (180 F) may hinder weld line formation and produce a hazy surface or a surface with flow lines, pits and other included defects that can hinder part performance.

Postprocessing conditioning and moisturizing are not required. It may be necessary to fixture large or complicated parts with varying wall thickness to prevent warpage while cooling to ambient temperature.